



ANDHRA KESARI UNIVERSITY:: ONGOLE

**Model Syllabus for 4-Year UG Honours in B.Sc. (Mathematics) as Major in
consonance with Curriculum framework w.e.f. AY 2025-26**

COURSE STRUCTURE (for Semester I to VI)

Year	Semester	Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hrs /Week	No. of Credits	
I	I	1	Differential Equations	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		2	Solid Geometry	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
	II	3	Group Theory	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		4	Elementary Real Analysis	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
II	III	5	Ring Theory	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		6	Advanced Real Analysis	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		7	Theory of Matrices	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
	IV	8	Linear algebra	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		9	Vector Calculus	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		10	Linear Programming Program	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
III	V	11	Special Functions	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		12 A	Laplace Transforms	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		OR				
		12 B	Foundations of Automata Theory	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		OR				
		13 A	Numerical Methods	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	
		13 B	Mathematical Methods using MatLab	4 ⁵	5 ⁴	

Year	Semester	Course	Title of the Course	No. of Hrs /Week	No. of Credits
	VI	14 A	Integral Transforms	4	5 4
		OR			
		14 B	Statistical Analysis using R	4	5 4
		OR			
		15 A	Advanced Numerical Methods	4	5 4
		OR			
		15 B	Mathematical Computations using Python	4	5 4

Note: In the III Year (during the V and VI Semesters), students are required to select a pair of electives from one of the **Two** specified domains. **For example: if set 'A' is chosen, courses 12 to 15 to be chosen as 12 A, 13 A, 14 A and 15 A.** To ensure in-depth understanding and skill development in the chosen domain, students must continue with the same domain electives in both the V and VI Semesters.

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2. (K. KEZ (7A))
3. IC-PAE
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SEMESTER-I

COURSE 1: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Theory

Credits: 4

5 hrs/week

Course Objectives

1. To introduce the concepts and methods for solving first-order differential equations, including exact, linear, and Bernoulli equations.
2. To understand special types of first-order differential equations such as Clairaut's equations and those solvable for p , x or y .
3. To develop techniques for solving higher-order linear differential equations with constant coefficients.
4. To apply the operator method for finding particular integrals of non-homogeneous differential equations with various types of right-hand side functions.
5. To learn the method of variation of parameters for solving non-homogeneous differential equations.

Course Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

1. Solve exact differential equations, linear equations, Bernoulli's equations, and equations reducible to exact form using integrating factors.
2. Analyze and solve first-order differential equations that are solvable for p , x , and y , including Clairaut's equations.
3. Solve homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear differential equations of higher order with constant coefficients using operator methods.
4. Compute particular integrals for non-homogeneous equations when the right-hand side is a polynomial, exponential, or trigonometric function.
5. Solve non-homogeneous differential equations using the method of variation of parameters and other applicable techniques.

Unit – 1

Exact Differential Equations - Integrating factors - Equations reducible to Exact Equations by

Integrating Factors (i) $\frac{1}{Mx + Ny}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{Mx - Ny}$ - Linear Differential Equations – Bernoulli's

Equations

Unit – 2

Equations solvable for p , Equations solvable for y , Equations solvable for x – Clairaut's equation

Unit – 3

Solutions of homogeneous linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients $f(D)y = 0$ - Solutions of non-homogeneous linear differential equations $f(D)y = Q(x)$ of second order with constant coefficients by means of polynomial operators (i) $Q(x) = b e^{ax}$ where b is a real constant - (ii) $Q(x) = \sin ax$ (or) $\cos ax$ where a is a real constant.

Unit – 4

Solution to a non-homogeneous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficients by means of polynomial operators $Q(x) = b x^k$, $Q(x) = e^{ax} V$, where V is a function of x.

Unit – 5

Solution of the non-homogeneous linear differential equations of second order with constant coefficients by means of polynomial operators $Q(x) = x V$, where V is a function of x – Problems on Method of Variation of parameters to find solutions of linear differential equations with variable coefficients.

Activities

The activities planned throughout the Differential Equations course include a variety of interactive and evaluative methods such as quizzes, assignments, seminars, and student presentations. Students will also engage in a mini project, prepare concept flowcharts, and participate in operator method chart activities. Peer teaching sessions, LMS-based online quizzes, and board work challenges will foster collaborative and digital learning. Additionally, poster presentations on applications and visual aids like chalk talks will be incorporated to support diverse learning styles and deepen conceptual clarity.

Text Book

Differential Equations and Their Applications by Zafar Ahsan, published by Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-Second edition.

Reference Books

1. Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations by Dr. M.D. Raisinghania, published by S. Chand & Company, New Delhi.
2. Differential Equations with applications and programs – S. Balachandra Rao & HR Anuradha- Universities Press.
3. Differential Equations -Srinivas Vangala & Madhu Rajesh, published by Spectrum University

SEMESTER-I

COURSE 2: SOLID GEOMETRY

Theory

Credits: 4

5 hrs/week

Course Objectives

1. To introduce fundamental concepts of planes, lines, and spheres in 3D geometry.
2. To develop analytical skills for deriving equations of planes, lines, and spheres in different forms.
3. To analyze geometric relationships, including angles, distances, and intersections between lines, planes, and spheres.
4. To study advanced properties of spheres, such as tangents, polar planes, and orthogonality conditions.
5. To apply geometric principles to solve problems involving coplanarity, shortest distances, and sphere-line/plane interactions.

Course Outcomes

After completing this course, students will be able to

1. Derive and interpret equations of planes and lines in various forms.
2. Compute angles, distances, and intersection conditions between geometric elements (lines, planes, spheres).
3. Determine coplanarity of lines and solve problems involving shortest distances in 3D space.
4. Analyse sphere-related problems, including tangents, intersections, and circle equations in 3D.
5. Apply advanced concepts like polar planes, conjugate points, and orthogonality conditions of spheres.

Course Content

Unit – 1

Equation of plane in terms of its intercepts on the axis - Equations of the plane through the given points - Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given plane - Bisectors of angles between two planes - Combined equation of two planes

Unit – 2

Equation of a line in various forms - Angle between a line and a plane - The condition that a given line may lie in a given plane - The condition that two given lines are coplanar - Number of arbitrary constants in the equations of straight line - Sets of conditions which determine a line

Unit – 3

The shortest distance between two skew lines - The length and equations of the line of shortest distance between two skew lines - Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given line.

Unit – 4

Definition and equation of the sphere - Equation of the sphere through four given points - Plane sections of a sphere - Intersection of two spheres - Equation of a circle - Sphere through a given circle - Intersection of a sphere and a line

Unit – 5

Power of a point - Tangent plane - Plane of contact; Polar plane - Pole of a Plane - Conjugate points - Conjugate planes - Angle of intersection of two spheres - Conditions for two spheres to be orthogonal - Radical Plane – Coaxial system of spheres-Limiting Points.

Activities

The activities include quizzes, assignments, seminars, and student presentations. Additional tasks involve mini projects, concept flowcharts, operator method charts, peer teaching, LMS-based quizzes, board work challenges, poster presentations, and visual aids like chalk talks to enhance learning and engagement.

Text Book

Analytical Solid Geometry by Shanti Narayan and P.K. Mittal, published by S. Chand & Company Ltd. 7th Edition.

Reference Books

1. A text Book of Analytical Geometry of Three Dimensions, by P.K. Jain and Khaleel Ahmed, published by Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1999.
2. Co-ordinate Geometry of two and three dimensions by P. Balasubrahmanyam, K.Y. Subrahmanyam, G.R. Venkataraman published by Tata McGraw - Hill Publishers.
3. Solid Geometry by B. Rama Bhupal Reddy, published by Spectrum University Press.

SEMESTER-II

COURSE 3: GROUP THEORY

Theory

Credits: 4

5 hrs/week

Course Objectives

1. To introduce students to the foundational concepts of algebraic structures with a focus on groups.
2. To develop an understanding of subgroups, cosets, and their relevance in group theory.
3. To explore the properties and significance of normal subgroups and their role in constructing quotient groups.
4. To study and apply the concepts of group homomorphisms, isomorphisms, and the fundamental theorem of homomorphism.
5. To examine the structure and properties of permutation and cyclic groups, including their role in group classification.

Course Outcomes

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

1. Understand the definition and basic properties of groups, including finite and infinite groups, and construct composition tables.
2. Analyze subgroups and cosets, apply Lagrange's Theorem, and understand the structure of a group through its subgroups.
3. Identify and verify normal subgroups, and understand their role in forming quotient groups.
4. Understand and apply homomorphisms and isomorphisms, including the fundamental homomorphism theorem and its applications.
5. Work with permutations, transpositions, and cyclic groups, and understand their properties and significance in group theory, including Cayley's Theorem.

Course Content

Unit – 1

Binary Operation – Algebraic structure – Semi group - Monoid – Group definition and its elementary properties - Finite and Infinite groups – examples – order of a group - Composition tables with examples.

Unit – 2

Definition of Complex – Multiplication of two complexes- Inverse of a complex- Definition of Subgroup - examples-Criterion for a complex to be a subgroup- Criterion for the product of two subgroups to be a subgroup-Union and Intersection of subgroups – Definition of Cosets – Properties of Cosets – Index of a subgroup of a finite group – Lagrange's Theorem.

Unit – 3

Normal Subgroups - Definition of normal subgroup – Proper and improper normal subgroups – Hamilton group- Criterion for a subgroup to be a normal subgroup – Intersection of two normal subgroups - Sub group of index 2 is a normal sub group

Unit – 4

Quotient groups - Definition of homomorphism – Image of a homomorphism- Elementary properties of homomorphisms – Isomorphism – Automorphism- Definitions and elementary properties–Kernel of a homomorphism – Fundamental theorem of Homomorphism and applications.

Unit – 5

Definition of permutation –Multiplication of Permutations– Inverse of a permutation – Cyclic permutations – Transposition – Even and odd permutations – Cayley’s theorem - Cyclic Groups - Definition of cyclic group – Elementary properties

Activities

The activities include quizzes, assignments, seminars, and student presentations. Additional tasks involve mini projects, concept flowcharts, operator method charts, peer teaching, LMS-based quizzes, board work challenges, poster presentations, and visual aids like chalk talks to enhance learning and engagement.

Text Book

Modern Algebra by A.R.Vasishtha and A.K. Vasishtha, Krishna Prakashan Media Pvt. Ltd., Meerut.

Reference Books

1. Abstract Algebra by J.B. Fraleigh, Published by Narosa publishing house.
2. Modern Algebra by M.L. Khanna, Jai Prakash and Co. Printing Press, Meerut
3. Rings and Linear Algebra by Pundir & Pundir, published by Pragathi Prakashan

SEMESTER-II

COURSE 4: ELEMENTARY REAL ANALYSIS

Theory

Credits: 4

5 hrs/week

Course Objectives

1. To develop a strong foundation in the real number system and its axiomatic structure.
2. To introduce the concepts of order, bounds, completeness, and related foundational properties of real numbers.
3. To explore the properties of sets in real analysis, including neighborhoods, limit points, open and closed sets.
4. To build analytical skills in handling sequences, convergence criteria, and monotonicity.
5. To understand the behavior of infinite series and apply standard convergence tests effectively.

Course Outcomes

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

1. Understand the real number system, its axioms, and properties, including completeness, supremum, and infimum.
2. Apply the Archimedean property, denseness, and concepts of neighborhoods, limit points, and derived sets in problem-solving.
3. Analyze sequences for boundedness and convergence using definitions and the Cauchy criterion.
4. Understand the concept of subsequences, apply the Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem, and test convergence using Cauchy's general principle.
5. Determine the convergence of infinite series using various tests and solve related analytical problems.

Course Content

Unit – 1

Real number system - Field axioms – Properties of real numbers - Order axioms – Properties of Order relation - Principle of induction - Extended real number system – Modulus of a real number – Properties of modulus – Triangle property - Aggregates – Finite and infinite aggregates – Boundedness of an aggregate – Least upper bound (supremum) and greatest lower bound (infimum) of an aggregate – Properties of boundedness – Completeness axiom – Dedekind's theorem - Theorem on Dedekind's axiom and completeness axiom.

Unit – 2

Archimedean Property - Its corollaries – Integral part of a real number - Denseness of the real number system – Intervals – Neighbourhood of a point - Limit point of an aggregate – Derived Set - Bolzano - Weierstrass theorem – Interior point of a set - Open and closed Sets – Its properties (without proofs) - Countable and uncountable sets - Properties of countable sets.

Unit – 3

Sequences – Operations of sequences - Subsequences - Range and Boundedness of Sequences - Limit of a sequence and Convergent sequence – Divergent sequence – Uniqueness of a limit – Sandwich theorem on sequences - Monotone sequences - Problems

Unit – 4

Limit Point of a Sequence - Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem on subsequences – Cauchy Sequences – Cauchy's general principle of convergence - Problems

Unit – 5

Infinite Series – Convergence and divergence of series - Cauchy's general principle of convergence for series – Series of non-negative terms - Convergence of geometric series – p series test - comparison test – D'Alembert's ratio test – Cauchy's n^{th} root test – problems.

Activities

The activities include quizzes, assignments, seminars, and student presentations. Additional tasks involve mini projects, concept flowcharts, operator method charts, peer teaching, LMS-based quizzes, board work challenges, poster presentations, and visual aids like chalk talks to enhance learning and engagement.

Text Book

An Introduction to Real Analysis by Robert G. Bartle and Donald R. Sherbert, John Wiley and sons Pvt. Ltd

Reference Books

1. Elements of Real Analysis by Shanthi Narayan and Dr. M.D. Raisinghania, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Principles of Mathematical Analysis by Walter Rudin, McGraw-Hill Ltd.
