ANDHRA KESARI UNIVERSITY



Programme: B.A. Honours in Tourism & Travel Management (Major)

w.e.f. AY 2023-24COURSESTRUCTURE

Semester	Course Number	Course Name	No. of Hrs/Week	No. of Credits
Semester-I	1	Fundamentals of Social Sciences	4	4
Semester-1	2	Perspectives on Indian Society	4	4
Semester-II	3	Principles and Practices of Tourism	4	4
	4	Tourism Geography	4	4
	5	Tourism Marketing	4	4
	6	Tourism Policy & Planning	4	4
Semester-III	7	Tourism Products of India	4	4
	8	Destination Planning& Development	4	4
Compostor IV	9	Management of Tourist Transport	4	4
Semester-IV	10	Hospitality Management	4	4
	11	Tour Guiding &Escorting	4	4

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COURSE5: TOURISM MARKETING

	Course Objectives	
CO1	To expose the students to concepts and components of marketing.	
CO2	To acquaint them with tourism specific marketing skills.	
CO3	To familiarize them with the contemporary marketing practices.	
	SYLLABUS	
UNIT	CONTENT	
	Origin of Marketing: Evolution of Marketing and understanding the	
	Markets, Tourism Marketing – Tourism Product – Features of Tourism	
I	Product &design and mapping the products –Functions, Core Principles	
	of Marketing, Concepts of Services Marketing, Forecasting market	
	demand	
	The relationship between market and Consumer: Micro & Macro	
	Marketing Environment - Consumer Behaviour - Buyer Decision-	
II	making Process - Market Research- Market Segmentation, Targeting	
11	and Market Positioning. Environmental Analysis, Internal Marketing,	
	Professional Sales, Marketing communication, P. R for Tourism and	
	Hospitality Industry, Crisis Management	
	Ps of Tourism Marketing: 8 P's of Tourism Marketing- Product,	
	Place, Price, Promotion, Physical Evidence, People, Process &	
III	Packaging, DesigningTourismProduct-	
	BrandingandPackagingProductDevelopment-ProductLifeCycle & Its	
	Various Stages, Pricing Strategies and Approaches, Channels of	
	Distribution, Advertising –	
	SalesPromotion – Publicity–Personal Selling Marketing of Tourism Products: Trends in Tourism Marketing –	
	Marketing of Known and Lesser-Known Destinations, Airlines, Hotels,	
IV	Resorts, Travel Agencies, Event Management Company. Organization	
	And managing Tourism Markets, Marketing Plans	
	Marketing Skills for Tourism Business: Self-Motivation—	
	TeamBuilding-PersonalityDevelopment-Creativity&Innovation-	
V	Innovative Products in Tourism, Five–Gap Model of Service Quality,	
	Marketing Control	
	Markoning Condoi	

References: Chaudhary, M. (2010). Tourism Marketing. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Fyall, A., & Garrod, B. (2005). Tourism Marketing: A Collaborative Approach (Vol.18). Bristol: Channel View Publications. Kotler, P. (2006). Marketing Management. Delhi: PHI. Stanton, W.J. (1999). Fundamentals of Marketing. New York: McGraw Hill. Neelamegham, S. (1998). Marketing in India: Cases & Readings. New Delhi: Vikas. Ramasamy, V.S., & Nama kumar, S. (1990). Marketing

Course Outcomes

 Learners tend to be proficient with the concepts, components, and functions of marketing.

Management: Planning & Control. New Delhi: Macmillan.

- Students will be familiarized with tourism specific marketing skills as well as the contemporary marketing practices adopted by tourism and allied industries.
- They would gather wholesome idea of the impacts of ICT on tourism and related activities.

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COURSE6: TOURISM POLICY AND PLANNING

	Course Objectives			
CO1	To learn about policy making and planning in tourism.			
CO2	To aware them on national and state tourism policies.			
CO3	To familiarize them with the investments in tourism industry.			
	SYLLABUS			
UNIT	CONTENT			
	Tourism policy: Definition – Need for Tourism policy – Initiatives –			
I	National Committee on Tourism (NCT-1988) – First Tourism Policy –			
	Objectives (1982) Recommendations–National Action Plan1992–			
	Objectives			
	National and State Tourism Policies: Tourism Policy1997–Features			
II	– National Tourism Policy 2002 – National Tourism Policy 2015 –			
	Andhra Pradesh State Tourism Policy– General Features			
	Tourism Planning: Definition, Planning Process – importance of			
III	planning, differentphasesofplanning-			
	LevelsandTypesofTourismPlanning-International Level, National			
	Level, Regional Level			
	Role of Public and Private Sector in tourism planning: Govt. Sector			
IV	- Reasons of planning - Economic, Social and Cultural, Environmental			
	Political—Private Sector Investment in Tourism Industry (Travel			
	Agency, Airlines, Hotels)			
V	Tourism&FiveYearPlans:5yearplansfrom10thplanonwards,			
	Introduction of Neethiayog in India			
	References:			
	1. Rattan deep Singh (2004); Hand Book of Environmental Guide			
	Lines for Indian Tourism; Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi 2. Prop Noth Soth (2006): Successful Tourism Management:			
	2. Pran Nath Seth (2006); Successful Tourism Management;			
	Sterling Publishers, New Delhi 2. LV, Sharma (2004): Tourism Planning and Davidonment a navy			
	3. J.K. Sharma (2004); Tourism Planning and Development a new			
	Perspective; Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi			

4.Dr.M.R. Dileep; Tourism Concepts & Practices; KITTS	
Publication.	
Course Outcomes	
 Students would procure cognizance of the policies and planning of tourism. They will possess knowledge of the problems of sustainabledevelopmentintourismdestinationsandformcapacityto identifyappropriatesolutions. 	
Learners willbefamiliarizedwithvariousapproachesandpracticesfortouris	
mdevelopment.	

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COURSE 7: TOURISM PRODUCTS OF INDIA

	Course Objectives	
CO1	To understand the vast tourism resources of India.	
CO2	To know the competitiveness of India as a tourist destination.	
CO3	To identify and manage emerging tourist destinations and circuits.	
	SYLLABUS	
UNIT	CONTENT	
	Cultural Back ground of India: Types and features of tourism	
	products- Ancient Indian Civilizations - Pre and Post Vedic Periods,	
I	Medical Science of Ancient India: Ayurveda, Yoga and Meditation,	
1	Major Religious Centers of India-Holy Places Connected with	
	Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism, Islamism, Christianity,	
	Zoroastrianism and other Religious Sects	
	Historical Monuments of India – Jain and Buddhist Caves, Pillars -	
	Stupas, Monasteries, Ancient, Hindu Temple Art, Architecture, Islamic	
II	Art and Architecture, Colonial Art and Architecture, Major Fairs and	
	Festivals, Classical Dances, Indian Music-Different Schools, Indian	
	Museums, Indian Cuisines, Handicrafts of India	
	National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries and Biosphere Reserves of	
	India: Locations, Accessibility, Facilities, Amenities of Dachigam,	
	Corbett, Ranthambore, Similipal, Kanha, Bandhavagarh, Mudumalli,	
III	Periyar, Gir, Sunderbans, Manas, Valleyof Flowers-	
	HillStations:Locations,Accessibility,Facilities, Amenities of	
	Gulmarg,Kullu&Manali,Shimla,Nainital,Coorg,Munnar,Ooty,Kodiakan	
	al,Arakku,	
	Darjeeling, Gangtok, etc., Tourist Attractions of Himalayas Adventure Tourism: Attractions of Himachal Pradesh, Jammu &	
IV	Kashmir, Uttarakhand, Leh and Ladakh, Commercial Attractions-	
	Islands, Beaches, Lakes, Rivers, Deserts of India	
	Major Tourism Circuits of India: Inter-State and Intra-State	
\mathbf{v}	Circuits, Theme-BasedCircuits-WorldHeritageSitesofIndia-	
	TourismbyRail-EmergingTourismAttractionsin India	

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References:

- 1. Gupta, S.P. (2002). Cultural tourismin India: Museums, Monuments &Arts:TheoryandPractice.NewDelhi:IndraprasthaMuseumofArt andArchaeology&D.K.Printworld.
- 2. Jacob, R. (2007). Indian Tourism Products. New Delhi: Abhijeet Publ ications.
- 3. Dixit, M. (2002). Tourism Products. Lucknow: New Royal Book Co.
- 4. Douglas, N. (Ed.). (2001). Special Interest Tourism. Australia: John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Singh, S. (2008). Lonely Planet India. Gurugram: Lonely Planet Publications.
- 6. Government of India. (2018). IndiaYearBook2018.NewDelhi: Publication Division.

Course Outcomes

- Students will form in-depth understanding of therichand vibrant tourism resources of India.
- Possess all-round knowledge about the competitive positioning and potentials of India as a premier tourism destination.
- Learnerstendtobecomeadeptinidentifyingandmanagingemerging destinations and would develop capabilities in designing circuits.

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COURSE8: DESTINATIONPLANNINGANDDEVELOPMENT

	Course Objectives		
CO1	Tofacilitateassessmentofthetourismpotentialsofdestinationsandprepare		
	Tourism development plan as well as marketing techniques.		
CO2	To familiarize with the destination branding practices.		
CO3	To introduce advanced analyses and researches in the field of destination		
	Development endeavors.		
	SYLLABUS		
UNIT	CONTENT		
	Destination Development: Destination: Types of Destinations-		
I	Characteristics of Destinations; Destinations and Products; Destination		
	Management Systems; Destination Selection Process; Values of		
	Tourism		
	Destination Planning Process and Analysis: Destination Planning		
	Guidelines: National and Regional Tourism Planning and Development		
П	- Assessment of Tourism Potential- Planning for Sustainable		
11	Tourism Development; Contingency Planning for Economic, Social,		
	Cultural and Environmental considerations; Demand and Supply Match;		
	Design and Innovations		
	Destination Image Development: Attributes of Destinations: Person's		
	Determined Image, Destination Determined Image, Measurement of		
	Destination Image-Destination Branding Perspectives and Challenges-		
III	Creating Unique Destination Proposition- Place Branding and		
	Destination Image-Destination Image Formation Process; Unstructured		
	Image-Product Development and Packaging-Destination Branding and		
	The Web -Case Study of Puducherry as a Brand		
	Destination Promotion and Publicity: Six		
13.7	'A'sFrameworkforTourismDestinations-		
IV	DynamicWheelofTourismStakeholders-Destination Marketing Mix-		
	Destination Competitiveness– Distribution Channels-Marketing		
	Communication and Strategies		
	Institutional Support: Public Private Partnership (PPP): National		
V	Planning Policies for Destination Development-UN WTO Guidelines		
	for Planners- Role of Urban Civic Bodies: Town Planning -		

Chara	cteristics
Enviro Touris	urism Planning for Alternative Tourism- Rural, Eco, Farm, etc onmental Management Systems – Destination Vision- Focus of sm Policy: Competitive Sustainable Destination-Destination ing (Practical Assignment)
Refer	ences:
2.	Butler, R. W. (2006). The Tourism Area Life Cycle: Applications and Modifications. Bristol: Channel View Publications. Claire, H.T., & Jones, E.E. (2005). Tourism SMEs, Service Quality and Destination Competitiveness. London: CABI. Gunn, C. (2002). Tourism Planning: Basic, Concepts and Cases. New York: Routledge.
	Morgan, N., Pritchard, A., & Pride, R. (2001), Destination Branding: Creating the Unique Proposition. London: Butter worth and Heinemann.
3.	Ritchie, J.B., & Crouch, G.I. (2003). The Competitive Destination: A Sustainable Tourism Perspective. London: CABI.
6.	Singh, S., Timothy, D.J.& Dowling, R.S. (2003). Tourism in Destination Communities. London: CABI.
Cours	se Outcomes
•	Students would possess the knowledge to assess the tourism potentials of destinations. They will for skill-sets to prepare tourism development plans as well as marketing strategies. While getting familiarized with destination branding, learners would be instilled with the abilities for designing destination

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SEMESTER-IV

COURSE9: MANAGEMENT OFTOURISTTRANSPORT

	Course Objectives		
CO1	To remember the origin and development of transport system.		
CO2	To gain the knowledge about various modes of transportation and its usages.		
CO3	To familiarize the India's famous tourist travel services and their role on tourism		
	developments.		
	SYLLABUS		
UNIT	CONTENT		
	Fundamentals of Transport: Evolution of Transportation, Importance		
т.	of Tourist Transport Services, Essentials of Transport, Growth &		
I	Development of Means of Transport, Types of Transport, Distribution		
	Of Sales of Tourist Transport Services, Road Transport Network in		
	India Road Transport: Road Transport Network in North America, South		
	America, Europe, South Africa, Asia and the Middle-East, Austria and		
II	New Zealand, Major Railway Transport Network in the World,		
	Coach&		
	Car Rental Services, Types of Coaches, Types of Car Rental Services		
	Air Transport: Types of Airlines, Aircraft, Types of Airport & Its		
	Facilities and Services, In- flight Services, Prohibition of Dangerous		
III	Goods, Safety Measures for Air craft and Airport, ICAO and Its		
1111	Freedom of Air, Director General of Civil Aviation (DGCA) & its		
	Roles and Functions and Airports Authority of India (AAI)&Its Roles		
	and Functions		
	Basic Airfares & Ticketing: Types of Journey, MPM, TPM,		
	ExtraMileageAllowance,One-		
	way,ReturnTripandCircleTriJourney,Higher Intermediate Fare Check		
	Point, Add-on and Open Jaw		
IV	Fare, Excursion Fare, Components in International Air Tickets, Airline Busin		
	ess in the World, Major International Air Carrier and Major Low-cost		
	Airlines, Domestic Air Transport Business, Distribution of Sales of		
	Airlines Tickets, Baggage and Travel Documents, Air Charter Services,		
	Miscellaneous Charges Order(MCO)-Multiple Purpose Document		
	(MPD)-Billing and Settlement Plan		

	Water	Transport Services Water Transport Network, Cruise Line			
V	Busine	ess, Distribution of Sales in Cruise Line Business, Inland Water			
	Transport System in India Case Study of AMTRAK, KPN Transport				
	Services, Indigo Airlines, Star Cruise Line				
	Refer	ences:			
	1.	Jagmohan Negi (2005) Air travel Ticketing and Fare			
		construction, Kanishka, New Delhi.			
	2.	Duval, D Timothy (2007). Tourism and Transport: Modes,			
		Networks and Flows, Channel View Publications, New			
		York.			
	3.	Ratandeep Singh (2008), Handbook of Global Aviation Industry			
		and Hospitality services, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi.			
	4.	Page Stephen (2005), Transport and Tourism: Global			
		Perspectives, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Delhi.			
	5.	IATA Training Manual.			
	6.	Air Cargo Tariff Manual.			
	7.	IATA Live Animals Regulation Manual.			
	Cours	se Outcomes			
	•	Provided the students age neural view of the role of			
		transportation in tourism industry			
	•	Offered an over view about best practice in transportation in			
		tourism industry			
	•	Introduced the last updates and changes in the transportation			
		and tourism sector on the global scope			

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SEMESTER-IV

COURSE10: HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT

	Course Objectives		
CO1	To study the flow of activities and functions in today's Hotel operation.		
CO2	To familiarize with Hotel and resort management.		
CO3	ToestablishtheimportanceofvariousdepartmentsanditsroleintheHospitality		
	Industry.		
	SYLLABUS		
UNIT	CONTENT		
	Introduction to Hospitality Industry: Distinctive Characteristics:		
	Inflexibility-Intangibility-, Perishability-Fixed Location-Relatively		
	Large Financial Investment etc.; Concepts of "Atithi Devo Bhavah";		
I	Hotel and Lodging facilities; Types of Hotels; Classification of Hotels,		
	Chain Operations, Alternative Accommodation; E- Hospitality; Ethical		
	and Regulatory Aspects in a Hotel, International Hotel Regulations,		
	Fiscal and non-Fiscal Incentives Offered to Hotel Industry in India		
	Front Office: Duties and Responsibilities: Reservation &		
	Registration- Meal Plans- Room Assignments- Check-in- Departure-		
II	Handling Guest Mail- Message Handling- Guest Paging Methods of		
	Payment; Guest Services: Type of Hotel Guests-Types of Meal Plans-		
	Wake-upcall		
	Housekeeping: Hierarchy, Duties & Responsibilities of House keeping		
	Staff; Important Functions of Housekeeping Management; Types of		
III	Accommodation; Activities in Accommodation Management: Room		
	Service-Room Supplies-Types of Room-Types of Bedding and Other		
	Related Types of Service; Lia is on with Other Departments		
	Food & Beverage: Hierarchy, Duties & Responsibilities of Staff; Food		
	Production Organization: Kitchen – Buffets -Beverages Operation &		
IV	Functions; Outlets of F & B; Types of Restaurant Menu; Catering		
1 1	Services: Food Service for the Airlines- Banquette- Corporate- MICE-		
	RetailFoodMarket-Business/IndustrialFoodService-HealthcareFood		
	Service – Club Food Services; Trends in Lodging and Food Services		

	Evaluating Hotel Performance: Methods of Measuring Hotel	
v	Performance: Occupancy Ratio- Average Daily Rate: Average Room	
	Rate Per Guest- Rev PAR- Market Share Index- Evaluation of Hotel by	
•	Guest; Yield Management: Elements of Yield Management, Measuring	
	Yield in the Hotel Industry, Benefits of Yield Management, Challenges	
	Or Problems in Yield Management	
	References:	
	1. Negi, J. (2014). Professional Hotel Management. New Delhi: S.	
	Chand.	
	2. Raghubalan, G., & Smritee, R. (2015). Hotel House keeping	
	operations and Management. New Delhi: Oxford University	
	Press.	
	3. Negi, J. (1984). Hotels for Tourism Development: Economic	
	Planning& Financial Management. New Delhi: S. Chand.	
	4. Tewari, J.R. (2016). Hotel front office operations and	
	Management. New Delhi: Oxford publication.	
	5. Wood, R.C. (2013). Key Concepts of Hospitality Management.	
	London: SAGE Publications, London.	
	Course Outcomes	
	Students tend to acquire concrete know-how on the current	
	operational dynamics of hotels.	
	They would learn the perspectives of hotel and resort	
	management.	
	Students will gain exposure to the various departments of all	
	categories of hotels and also would know the role of hospitality	
	industry in tourism promotion.	
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SEMESTER-IV

COURSE11: TOUR GUIDING AND ESCORTING

	Course Objectives		
CO1	To acquire an in-depth knowledge about the profession of tour guiding and		
	escorting.		
CO2	To help them aware of various guiding techniques.		
CO3	To equip them with the knowledge of guestrelations.		
	SYLLABUS		
UNIT	CONTENT		
I	Introduction to Guiding and escorting: Meaning; concept and types of		
1	Tour guide, duties and responsibilities of Guides and Escorts		
П	Roles of Guides: Various roles of tour guide, the business of guiding		
111	And escorting, organizing aguiding business		
	The guiding techniques: leadership and social skills, presentation and		
III	speaking skills, The guide's personality, moments of truth, the seven		
1111	sins of guide, the service cycle, working with different age groups,		
	working		
	Under difficult circumstances		
	Guest relationship management: Handling emergency situations-		
	medical, personal, official, VISA/passport, Death, handling guest with		
IV	special needs / different abilities; Skills required for adventure tours;		
	Knowledge of local security, route chart; Personal hygiene and		
	grooming, tour responsibilities, check list, leading a group, code of		
	conduct		
	Conducting tours: Pre tour planning, modes of transportation,		
	conducting various types of tours, understanding clients need,		
V	establishing good service security measures, relationship with fellow		
	guides, Coordination with hospitality institutions; points to remember		
	While guiding and escorting		
	References:		
	1.DennisLFoster–Introduction to Travel Agency Management		

	 Pat Yale (1995); Business of Tour Operations, Long man Scientific & Technical, New Delhi Pond KL (1993); The professional guide: Dynamics of tour guiding.
Car	was Outsomes
	urse Outcomes
	Studentscanabletounderstandtouristguidingandescortingprocedu res.
	• Comprehend the requirements, role and responsibilities of
	profession of a Tourist Guide.
	• Apply the knowledge acquired in managing different groups and guiding in a tour.

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BA DEGREE (UG-REGULAR) EXAMINATIONS 2023-24

B.A. Honours in Tourism & Travel Management (Major) II-YEAR, III & IV-SEMESTER - MODEL QUESTION PAPERS

MAX.TIME:03 HOURS MAX.MARKS:75

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ANSWERALLOFTHEFOLLOWINGQUESTIONS 21. ______. 22. _____. 23. _____.

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SECTION-E(1MARKMATCHTHEFOLLOWING)::5x1=5

PARTSOFTHECONSTITUTION-ITEMS

26.Matchthefollowing			
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