

ANDHRA KESARI UNIVERSITY

W.E.F. Academic Year 2023 - 24

Program: B.A. Honours in Economics

Program Objective: This program is to impart the knowledge and skills among the students in the field of economics as major along with skills in languages and selected minor subject.

Program Outcomes:

PO 1: Learn basic concepts, principles and theories in economics

PO 2: Analyse issues in current economy at different levels

PO 3: Acquire employability and research skills in the field of economics

PO 4: Gain knowledge to understand the society around

PO 5: Learn soft and life skills for effective communication and personality development

Sem	Paper	Credits	Hours
I	1. Fundamentals of Social Sciences	4	4
	2. Perspectives on Indian Society	4	4
II	3. Microeconomics	4	4
	4. Mathematical Methods for Economics	4	4
III	5. Macroeconomics	4	4
	6. Economic Thought and Political Economy	4	4
	7. Development Economics	4	4
	8. Public Economics	4	4
IV	9. India and A.P Economy	4	4
	10. Statistical Methods for Economics	4	4
	11. International Economics	4	4

5. MACROECONOMICS

Course Objective: This course is to learn about basic concepts, principles and theories in Macroeconomics to understand the functioning of a macro economy.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After studying this course, the student shall be able to achieve the following outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain the functioning a macro economy with its inter-linkages and measure and analyse the national income of the country
- CO2:** Analyse the Classical and Keynes theories of employment and its application in current Economy
- CO3:** Explain the importance of money and banking along with their functions
Analyse RBI policies
- CO4:** Analyse causes and evaluate the measures to control inflation and trade cycles in the economy
- CO5:** Evaluate the macroeconomic policy targets

Unit - 1: Introduction to Macroeconomics and National Income

- Macroeconomics: Definition, Scope and Importance; Macroeconomic Variable: Stock and Flow
- Circular Flow of Income: Two, Three and Four Sector Models
- National Income: Definition, Concepts, Importance
- Measurement of National Income and Difficulties

Unit -2: Theories of Employment, Consumption and Investment

- Classical Theory of Employment: Assumptions, Say's Law of Market, Pigou's Wage-Price Flexibility, Classical Model, Criticism
- Consumption: Factors, Consumption Function, Keynes' Psychological Law of Consumption
- Investment: Types, Factors, Investment Function; Marginal Efficiency of Capital, Multiplier and Accelerator
- Keynesian Theory of Employment: Assumption, Concepts and Model

Unit – 3: Money and Banking

- Money: Definition, Types, Functions; RBI classification of Money
- Theories of Money: Fisher and Cambridge
- Banking: Definition, Types, Importance, Functions; NBFCs
- Central Bank: Objectives, Functions, Monetary Policy

Unit – 4: Inflation and Trade Cycles

- Inflation: Meaning, Types, Importance, Measurement
- Causes, Consequences and Controlling of Inflation
- Inflation vs Unemployment, Phillip's Curve

- Trade Cycles: Phases, Causes and Controlling Measures

Unit -5: Financial Market and Macroeconomic Policies

- Financial Markets: Types, Instruments, Functions
- Stock Market: Functions, Indices Sensex and Nifty
- Macroeconomic Policy: Targets, Indicators and Instruments; Fiscal Policy and Crowding-Out Effect
- Neo-classical and Keynesian Synthesis: IS-LM Basic Model

References:

1. Macroeconomic Analysis, Bilingual Textbook, APSCHE
2. H. L. Ahuja, Advanced Economic Theory, S. Chand, 2004
3. P. N. Chopra, Macroeconomics, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana, 2014.
4. D. M. Mithani, Macro Economic Analysis and Policy, Himalaya Publications, New Delhi
5. Telugu Academy Publications on Macroeconomics
6. Macroeconomics, Dr. Br. Ambedkar Open University Material
7. Macroeconomics, IGNOU Material

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Practical Exercise on national income measurement

Unit-2: Group discussion on application of classical and Keynesian employment theories to current economics

Unit-3: Field visit to commercial bank and submit a report

Unit-4: Assignment on current measures to control inflation

Unit-5: Quiz on financial markets and debate on monetary vs fiscal policy

6. ECONOMIC THOUGHT AND POLITICAL ECONOMY

Course Objective: This course is to learn about the philosophy and thoughts of various economists which are the basis for the evolution of economics as a discipline.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After studying this course, the student shall be able to achieve the following outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain the Economic thoughts of Pre-classical, Classical and Socialist.
- CO2:** Explain Neo-classical, Keynes and Post-Keynesian economic thoughts.
- CO3:** Analyse the essence of institutional and behaviourists' economic thoughts.
- CO4:** Evaluate the contribution of Indian economists to the evolution of economic thought.
- CO5:** Analyze the political economy in relation to development.

Unit - 1: Classical and Socialist Schools

- Pre-Classical School: Mercantilism, Physiocracy
- Classical School 1: Adam Smith, David Ricardo
- Classical School 2: Jeremy Bentham, John Stuart Mill
- Socialist School: Karl Marxs, Fabian Socialists

Unit - 2: Neo-Classical and Keynesian Schools

- Neo Classical and Marginal Revolution School: Alfred Marshall, Vilfredo Pareto
- Keynesian School: John Maynard Keynes
- New Classical School
- New Keynesian School

Unit 3: Institutional and Behaviourist Schools

- Institutional School: Gunnar Mirdal, John Rawls
- New Institutional School 1: Ronald Coase, Frederich Hayek
- New Institutional School 2: Kenneth Arrow, Elinor Ostrom & Oliver E. Williamson
- Behaviourist School: Herbert Simon, Richard Thaler

Unit 4: Indian Political Thought

- Ancient Thought: Kautilya, Goutam Buddha
- Modern Thought1: Dadabhai Nauroji, R.C.Dutt; M.N. Roy
- Modern Thought2: Gandhi, Nehru, Ambedkar
- Contemporary Thought: Amrtya Sen, Rao-Manmohan

Unit 5- Political Economy and Development

- Nexus between Politics and Economy; Basic Features of Political Economy
- Political Ideologies for Development: Economic Liberalism, Economic Nationalism, Marxism
- Role of Political Institutions for Development: Political Parties, Parliament

- Role of Non-political Institutions for Development: Bureaucracy, Regulatory Bodies, Judiciary

References:

1. Lokanathan (2018): History of Economic Thought, S.Chand & Co Ltd, New Delhi
2. Hajela, T.N: History of Economic Thought, Ane's Books Pvt Ltd., New Delhi
3. R.R. Paul: History of Economic Thought, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi
4. Gide and Rist : History of Economic Doctrines, Digital Library of India, 2015.274711
5. Roll. E. (1973) : A history of Economic Thoughts, Father, London.
6. Ghosh B.N. And Ghosh Roma. A Short History of Economic Doctrines.
7. Lange, O., "Political Economy", Vol. 1, 1963
8. Open Source Online Materials & Videos: IGNOU, e-PG Pathasala, SWAYM, Khan Academy etc.

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Student Seminars on evolution of important economic doctrines

Unit-2: Group discussions on different schools of economic thought and their relevance today

Unit-3: Preparation of Comparative charts of various famous economic thoughts

Unit-4: Poster presentations on the economic ideology of Indian thinkers

Unit-5: Project on political economy of current Indian economy

7. DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS

Course Objectives: This course is to learn about basic concepts, principles and theories in development economics and apply them to analyse the issues in current economy

Course Learning Outcomes:

After studying this paper, the students shall be able to achieve the following outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain concepts of economic growth and development, measure them, identify their factors.
- CO2:** Analyse the developmental issues of poverty, unemployment, inequality and sustainable development and suggest measures
- CO3:** Comprehend the various theories of growth and development
- CO4:** Examine and suggest various developmental strategies suitable to developing countries
- CO5:** Explain the role of institutions, planning in economic development

Unit - 1: Introduction to Economic Growth and Development

- Economic Growth and Development: Meaning, Differences, Importance,
- Measurements of Growth and Development
- Factors and Obstacles of Economic Growth and Development; Kuznets' Characteristics of Modern Economic Growth
- World Bank and IMF Classification of Countries based on level of Development

Unit 2: Developmental Issues

- Poverty: Meaning, Types, Causes and Solutions; Vicious Circle of Poverty
- Unemployment: Meaning, Types, Causes and Solutions
- Inequalities: Meaning, Types, Causes and Solutions
- Sustainable Development and SDGs

Unit-3: Theories of Growth and Development

- Classical Theory of Development
- Marxian Theory of Development
- Rostow's Stages of Economic Growth
- Neo-Classical Models of Economic Growth: Harrod-Domar Model, Solow Model

Unit – 4: Strategies of Economic Development

- Capitalist, Socialist and Mixed Economy Strategies
- Big Push Strategy; Balanced and Unbalanced Growth Strategies
- Mahalanobis Strategy; Export Promotion and Foreign Capital Strategy

- Endogenous Growth Strategy; Human Capital–Capability Strategy

Unit - 5: Institutions for Economic Development

- Role Institutions in Economic Development
- Basic Features of New Institutional Economics
- Economic Planning: Concept, Objectives, Role in Economic Development; Economic Federalism
- Role of International Institutions in Development: World Bank, IMF

References:

1. Ray, D. (2009), *Development Economics*, Princeton University Press.
2. Todaro M. P. and Stephen, C., Smith (2014), *Economic Development*, Pearson, 12 Ed..
3. M.L. Jhingan, *The Economics of Development and Planning*, Vrinda Publications,
4. Hayami and Godo: *Development Economics*, Oxford Publication.
5. Sen, A., (1999), *Development as Freedom*, Oxford University Press.
6. Thirlwall A. P., (2005), *Growth and Development*, Palgrave Macmillan; 8th Edition.
7. Chenery, Hollis and T. N. Srinivasan, (1998), *Handbook of Development Economics*, Elsevier.
8. Basu, Kaushik (2000), *Analytical Development Economics: The Less developed Economy: Revisited*, Oxford University Press, India.
9. *Development Economics*, Telugu Academy
10. Open Source Online Materials & Videos: IGNOU, e-PG Pathasala, SWAYM, Khan Academy etc.

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Group discussions on factors of economic growth and development

Unit-2: Assignments on developmental issues like poverty, unemployment and their programs

Unit-3: Prepare comparative flow charts of various theories of economic growth or development

Unit-4: Project on application of any theory of economic growth or development to the current economic Problem

Unit-5: Seminar on role of institutions in economic development and prepare a plan for development of local area

8. PUBLIC ECONOMICS

Course Objective: This course aims to provide an understanding of public economics principles, theories, and policies, enabling students to analyse and evaluate issues in government revenue, expenditure and debt management.

Course Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to achieve the following course learning outcomes

CO1: Explain and illustrate the basic concepts and principle of public finance

CO2: Discuss various sources of public revenue, different theories of taxation, tax systems and incidence of taxation

CO3: Analyse various principles, theories, practices of public expenditure with reference to public expenditure practices in India

CO4: Explain the concept of debt burden and its effect, budget concepts and deficits with reference to Indian economy.

CO5: Examine the importance of fiscal policy, fiscal federalism and discuss the role of finance commission with reference to India.

Unit 1: Introduction to Public Finance and Market Failure

- Meaning, Nature, Scope, Importance of Public Finance; Public vs Private Finance
- Principal of Maximum Social Advantage
- Types of Goods: Private, Public, Merit, Club Goods
- Problems of Market Failure, Externalities and Free Riding and Solutions.

Unit 2: Public Revenue

- Sources of Revenue: Tax and Non-tax; Cannons of Taxation
- Theories of Taxation: Socio-Political Theory, Benefit Received Theory, Ability to Pay Theory
- Tax Systems: Progressive, Proportional, Regressive; Types of Taxes: Direct and Indirect
- Incidence and Effects of Taxation; Shares of Tax and Non-Tax Revenues in India.

Unit 3: Public Expenditure

- Principles of Public Expenditure (PE); Classification and Effects of PE
- Theories of PE: Wagner's Law, Peacock-Wiseman, Colin-Clarks Critical Limit Theory
- Determinants of PE; Criteria for Public Investment
- Trends and patterns of Public Expenditure in India; Reforms in public Expenditure in India.

Unit 4: Public Debt and Budget

- Public Debt (PD): Meaning, Types, Sources; Effects and Burden of PD
- Theories of PD: Classical Theory, Barro-Ricardo Equivalence, Keynesian Approach
- Shifting and Redemption of PD; Public Debt Management in India
- Budget: Meaning, Importance, Types; Basic Concepts and Deficits in Budget
- Fiscal Discipline and Consolidation, FRBM Act; Brief Analysis of a Recent Budget in India.

Unit 5: Fiscal Policy and Fiscal Federalism

- Fiscal Policy: Meaning, Objectives and Functions
- Principles of Multi-Unit Finance; Concept of Vertical and Horizontal Fiscal Imbalances
- Fiscal Federalism in India and Constitutional Provisions
- Recent Finance Commission: Objectives and Recommendations
- Issues and Challenges of Fiscal Federalism and State Governments Finances in India.

Reference Books:

1. Musgrave, R. A. & Musgrave, P. B. (2004), *Public Finance in Theory and Practice*. Fifth edition, TATA McGraw-Hill
2. Tyagi, B.P., “Public Finance”, Jai Prakash Nath Co., 1992.
3. Bhatia H.L., “Public Finance”, Vikas Publishing House Pvt.Ltd., 1984.
4. Dalton, H., “Principles of Public Finance”, Routledge, 1st Edition, 2009.
5. Stiglitz, J. E (2000), *Economics of the Public Sector*. W W Norton
6. Rangarajan, C. and D. K. Srivastava (2011), *Federalism and Fiscal Transfers in India*. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
7. Open Source Online Materials & Videos: IGNOU, e-PG Pathasala, Economic Survey, SWAYM, Khan Academy etc.

Activities Suggested:

Unit 1: Assignment on importance of public finance and role of government in an economy

Unit 2: Make poster presentation of Indian tax system with revenue details from recent budget.

Unit 3: Organize debates on the growth of public expenditure in India and its management.

Unit 4: Assignments on the management of deficits and public debt and watch budget presentation and make analysis.

Unit 5: Quiz sessions on the recommendations of finance commissions with justification for changes in criteria/ quantum of devolution.

9. INDIA AND A.P ECONOMY

Course Objective: This course is to provide basic understanding about functioning of various aspects in Indian economy and analyse various issues and problems and suggest measures.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After studying this paper, the students shall be able to achieve the following outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain the basic characteristics, structural changes, planning and human development in Indian economy
- CO2:** Analyse the changes in incomes, demography and the developmental issues such as poverty, inequality, unemployment and migration and suggest measures to address them
- CO3:** Examine the components of agricultural and industrial sectors and their performance
- CO4:** Examine the issues in public finance in terms of taxes, revenues, deficits and finance commission
- CO5:** Analyse the issues in Andhra Pradesh economy related to agriculture, industry and welfare programs

Unit 1: Basic Features, Planning and Human Development in India

- Basic characteristics of Indian Economy as a developing economy
- Economic development since independence, Economic Structure and its changes in India
- Planning Commission: Objectives, major strategies and achievements; NITI Ayog its approaches to economic transformation in India
- Trends in Human Development Index in India and Measures to Improve

Unit 2: National Income, Demography and Developmental Issues

- Trends in National income; Demographic Features
- Poverty and Inequalities; Occupational Structure and Unemployment
- Various Schemes of employment generation and eradication of poverty
- Issues in Rural and Urban Development; Labour Migration: Challenges and Measures

Unit 3: Agricultural and Industrial Developments

- Indian Agriculture: Agricultural Reforms, Agricultural Strategies and Agricultural Policy
- Agricultural Credit; Agricultural Price Policy & MSP
- Indian Industry: Economic Reforms and New Industrial Policy
- Industrial Development Programs: Make-in India, Start-up, Stand-up, Industrial Corridors

Unit-4 Indian Public Finance

- Indian Tax System and Recent changes ; GST and its impact on Commerce and Industry
- Centre, States Financial relations; Recommendations of Recent Finance Commission
- Fiscal Policy: Status and Issues in Public Expenditure and Public Revenue
- Status and Issues in Public Debt and Budget Deficits; Analysis of Latest Budget

Unit- 5 Andhra Pradesh Economy

- Basic characteristics of Andhra Pradesh economy after bifurcation in 2014; Impact of bifurcation on the Economy
- Challenges in industrial Development and new initiatives
- Challenges in Agriculture and Rural Development and new Initiatives
- Social Welfare Programmes and other measures to address Issues of Poverty and Unemployment; Skill Development Initiatives

References:

1. Dhingra, I.C., Indian Economy, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 2014.
2. Gaurav Datt and Ashwani Mahajan, Datt and Sundharam's Indian Economy, S.Chand& Co., 2016
3. G. M. Meier, Leading Issues in Economic Development, Oxford University Press, New York,
4. P. K. Dhar, Indian Economy: Its Growing Dimensions, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana, 2018.
5. Reserve Bank of India, Handbook of Statistics on Indian Economy (Latest).
6. S.K.Misra&V,K,Puri, Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House, 2015. 8. R.S.Rao,
7. A.P Economy- Telugu Academy, 2018
8. Economic Surveys

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Assignments on features and structural changes of Indian economy

Unit-2: Group Project on issues of poverty, unemployment and inequality and make suggestions

Unit-3: Quiz on Agriculture and Industrial sectors

Unit-4: Group discussions to issues of taxation, public expenditure, Public debt, budget

Unit-5: Seminar topics in AP economy and filed visits to industry or agriculture in local area submit a report

10. STATISTICAL METHODS FOR ECONOMICS

Course Objectives: The course teaches students the basics of statistics with a special focus on its day-to-day applications in economics. It sets a necessary foundation for the econometrics courses and courses in advanced microeconomic theory within the Honours programme.

Course Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student is expected to demonstrate the following cognitive abilities and psychomotor skills:

CO1: Understand the nature of statistics and able to collect data using questionnaire

CO2: Draws critical diagrams and graphs for presentation of data

CO3: Calculates and Analyses Averages and Dispersions using given data and information

CO4: Explains the uses of correlation and regression analysis, time series and index numbers in economic analysis.

CO5: Calculate index numbers

Unit – 1: Introduction to Statistics

- Nature and Definition of Statistics, scope, importance and limitations of Statistics
- Primary and Secondary data
- Census and Sampling techniques and their merits and demerits
- Schedule and questionnaire, Collection of data
- Applications in economics

Unit – 2: Diagrammatic Analysis

- Data: Meaning and Types; Frequency distribution
- Tabulation, Graphical presentation of data: Line graph, Histogram, Frequency Polygon, Cumulative Frequency Curves
- Diagrammatic presentation of data: Line, Bar, Pie Diagrams
- MS.Excel for Diagrammatic Analysis; Applications in economics

Unit – 3: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion

- Averages: Arithmetic Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean
- Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation
- MS.Excel for Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion; Applications in economics

Unit – 4: Correlation and Regression

- Correlation: Concept, Definition and Use

- Types of Correlation: Karl Pearson's Correlation coefficient, Spearman's Rank Correlation
- Regression: Concept, Definition, Use, Regression Equations, Demand forecasting
- MS Excel for Correlation and Regression; Applications in economics

Unit – 5: Time Series and Index Numbers

- Time Series: Definition and Components; Measurement of Time Series: Moving Average and the Least Squares Method
- Index Numbers: Concepts of Price and Quantity Relatives, Laspeyer's, Paasche's and Fisher's Ideal Index Numbers
- Uses and Limitations of Index Numbers
- MS Excel for Index Numbers; Applications in economics

References:

1. B. R. Bhat, T. Srivenkataramana and K.S. MadhavaRao (1996): Statistics: A Beginner's Text, Vol. I, New Age International (P) Ltd
2. Goon A.M, Gupta M.K., Das Gupta B. (1991), Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. I, World Press, Calcutta.
3. M. R. Spiegel (1989): Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems in Statistics, Schaum's Outline Series.
4. S.P. Gupta, Statistical Methods , S. Chand & Co, 1985
5. Telugu Akademy Book, ParimanathmakaPaddathulu (For B.A.).

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Assignments of the application of various statistical methods

Unit-2: Student Seminar on themes requiring usage of tables, diagrams, statistical analysis and interpretation

Unit-3: Group project work for collection of data on locally relevant economic problems

Unit-4: Exercise on calculation of correlation and regression using Excel.

Unit-5: Chart Preparation on formulas of different index numbers.

11. INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

Course Objective: This Course aims to develop a systematic understanding of the key concepts and theories in international economics, enabling them to critically evaluate the impact of trade policies on national economies and welfare.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After completing the course, the student shall be able to achieve the following outcomes:

- CO1: Explain the importance and concepts of international trade
- CO2: Make a critical analysis of the theories of international trade
- CO3: Explain changes in the methods of determining exchange rates
- CO4: Analyse the effects of Trade Barriers and protectionism in International Trade.
- CO5: Explain multilateralism, regionalism and India's international trade

Unit - 1: Introduction to Theory of International Trade

- International Trade (IT): Meaning and Importance; Gains from Trade, Free Trade vs Restricted Trade
- Offer Curves: Meaning, Properties; Trade Elasticity
- Terms of Trade (ToT): Concept, Types, Equilibrium
- Opportunity Costs in IT; Trade Multiplier

Unit - 2: Theories of International Trade

- Classical Trade Theories: Absolute Advantage Theory, Comparative Advantage theory
- Modern Trade Theories: Heckscher-Ohlin Factor Endowments Theory, Leontief Paradox, Stolper-Samuelson Theorem
- Other Trade Theories: Prebisch-Singer's Secular Deterioration Thesis, Gunnar Myrdal Trade Theory in brief

Unit - 3: Exchange Rates and BOP Mechanism

- Exchange Rates: Meaning and Types; Changes in Exchange Rates: Devaluation & Revaluation, Depreciation & Appreciation
- Factors and Determination of Exchange Rate Purchasing Power Parity
- Balance of Payments (BoP): Definition, Composition, Equilibrium and Disequilibrium
- BoP Adjustment Mechanisms; Policy Assignment Problems and Mundel Model in brief

Unit- 4: Trade Barriers and International Finance

- Trade Barriers: Tariffs, Quotas, Subsidies, Dumping & Anti-Dumping, Price Discrimination, Effects of Trade Barriers

- Optimum Tariff: Theory and Formula; Effective Rate of Protection; New Protectionism
- Role of International Finance in Trade; Role of World Bank and IMF in International Trade and Finance

Unit- 5: Multilateralism, Regionalism and India's International Trade

- Multilateralism: Concept, GATT & WTO
- Forms of Economic Cooperation: Free Trade Area, Customs Union and Common Market
- India's International Trade: Trade Volume, Composition, Direction, BoP, Forex Reserves
- India's Important Trade Agreements and New Foreign Trade Policy

References:

1. Salvatore, D., "International Economics", John Wiley, 12th Edition, 2015
2. Krugman, P., Obstfeld, M. and Melitz, M., "International Economics: Theory and Policy", Pearson Education Indian Edition, 9th Edition, 2012
3. Cherunilam. F (2016), *International Economics*, The McGraw-Hill, New Delhi
4. Open Source Online Materials & Videos: IGNOU, e-PG Pathasala, SWAYM, Khan Academy etc.
5. Websites of WTO, IMF, WB, Ministry of Commerce, DPIIT, Govt of India

Suggested Activities:

Unit-1: Assignments and Student Seminars on theories of International Trade.

Unit-2: Web Assignments on economic cooperation and economic clusters

Unit-3: Poster presentations on free trade and protection

Unit-4: Debate on Indian trade and current trends

Unit-5: Workshop on DGFT sops for beginning export/import business